Hurricanes

Hurricanes are large tropical storms that develop in the oceans of the world. Hurricanes gather heat and energy from the warm ocean water. The heat from these warm currents increases the power of the hurricane. Hurricanes that remain over warm water usually get bigger and stronger, but they weaken once they get over land. Hurricanes are storms that actually get names, and a new list of names is created each year. The first hurricane name starts with the letter A, like Ashley, and the names move through the alphabet as more hurricanes appear.

Hurricane clouds move in a circle around a point called the eye, which is the center of the storm. To be called a hurricane, a storm must have wind speeds of at least 74 miles per hour. When a hurricane comes ashore, there are heavy rains, large waves and strong winds that cause damage to buildings, cars and trees. Also, flooding can happen when large waves called storm surges hit the beaches. Storm surges are the main reason people are told to leave coastal towns and move to higher ground when a hurricane approaches. Hurricanes move very slowly though, so people have a chance to get out of their way.

During hurricane season, which begins June 1st and ends November 30th, these large storms sometimes hit United States coastal towns. Usually as these hurricanes approach, there is rain and strong winds. Meteorologists, scientists who study the weather, watch these storms very carefully so they can tell people how strong a hurricane is and where it is heading. 2005 has been a record year for hurricanes. The United States has been hit by more hurricanes and had more damage from these storms than in any other year.

	A. The eye.	
	B. The storm surge.	
	C. The currents.	
	D. The wind point.	
0%		100%
Confi	dent	Confident
	2. A meteorologist might study:	
	A. Clouds and wind.	
	B. Rocks and streams.	
	C. Adults and children.	
	D. Insects and spiders.	
0%		100%

1. A hurricane revolves around which point?

Confide	ent								C	onfiden	3rd t
3	. <i>A</i>	Another	title fo	r this pa	issage co	ould be:					
	A.	How t	o Name	e a Hurr	icane						
	B.	Hurrio	canes in	Florida	ι.						
	C.	How I	Meteoro	ologists	Track H	urricane	es				
	D.	Intere	sting Fa	ects abo	ut Hurri	canes					
0%									1	00%	
Confide	ent								Con	ıfident	
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4		viiat is High		st dange	rous pai	t of the	numcai	ie for pe	eopie oi	i the co	ast?
		Heavy									
		Light									
	D.	Flood	ing.								
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Confide	ent								Con	ıfident	
5.				would a	hurrica	ne be mo	ost likely	y to hit t	the Unit	ted Stat	es?
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		March Decen									
		May	noci								
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scale betw	een	1 and	10 with	1 being	low and	d 10 bei	ng how v	well did	you lik	te this p	bassage?
n't e It 1 All		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	I Really Liked It
	lf yc	ou had	think c	of a nar	ne for th	ne first l	hurricar	ne of 20	006, wł	nat nan	ne would you

pick? Why did you pick that name?